

DIFFICULT TO SELECT BEST BABE

Cautious Judges Still Deliberate on
Momentous Matters, But Ex-
pect to Reach Final De-
cision This Afternoon

DOMESTIC SCIENCE AWARDS ARE MADE

Winners in Mrs. Gilkey's Depart-
ment Announced; Creations of
Culinary Artists and Cannery
Receive Recognition

In the "better babies" contest at the
county fair there were a total of 115
entries, coming from all parts of Grady
county, Chickasha being remarkably
well represented.

The one hundred and fifteen ranged
from four to forty-eight months in
age. Each mother's son and daughter
was such a fine specimen of infancy
and they were jointly and severally
provided with lungs which will elimi-
nate any tubercular detrimental ten-
dencies from the findings of the
judges.

A committee composed of a number
of doctors of Chickasha and Grady
county will go over the score cards,
which have been turned over to Dr.
Martha Bledsoe, and arrive at a final
decision this afternoon as to which
one of the one hundred and fifteen in-
fants is the most nearly perfect men-
tally and physically.

Dr. Bledsoe stated this morning that
the list was so large and the perfec-
tion of the babies, individually, of such
a high standard that the question of
which particularly one of the total
number would prove the prize winner
would be a close one and hard to de-
cide.

In the prizes awarded in the domes-
tic science department of the county
fair, returns from the sub-department
in charge of Mrs. Gilkey were avail-
able this morning.

In making the awards the judges
met with a considerable difficulty owing
to the fact that a number of ex-
hibitors had failed to register their
names in connection with their entry
numbers. In all such cases the awards
are shown as being given to number
only.

The first of those capturing first,
second and third prizes in Mrs. Gil-
key's division of the domestic science
department follow.

Best Butter—First prize, ticket No.
269; second, ticket No. 463; third prize,
Mrs. J. L. Daniel, south of Chickasha.

Cottage Cheese—First prize, ticket
No. 212; second, No. 361; third, No.
210.

Best Loaf of White Bread—First,
No. 486; second, Mrs. S. H. Triplett,
Ducassett; third, Mrs. Ralph Warren,
Chickasha.

Best Pan Light Rolls—First, Mrs.
Alice Akin, Chickasha; second, No.
368.

Best Devil's Food Cake—No first
prize; second, Mrs. Mary Kime, Norge.
Best Angel's Food Cake—First, Mrs.
J. C. Jones, Chickasha; second, No.
401.

Cocoanut Cake—No first prize; sec-
ond, Mrs. Wessie Ray, Chickasha.

Best Peach Preserves—First, Mrs.
B. B. Bridges, Chickasha; second, Mrs.
M. F. Ikard, Chickasha.

Best Plum Preserves—Mrs. M. F.
Ikard, Chickasha; second, Mrs. B. B.
Bridges, Chickasha.

Watermelon Preserves—First, Mrs.
M. F. Ikard, Chickasha; second, Mrs.
J. L. Campbell, Tuttle.

Apple Preserves—Mrs. B. B. Bridges,
Chickasha; Mrs. M. F. Ikard, Chicka-
sha.

Pear Preserves—First, Mrs. B. B.
Bridges, Chickasha; no second.

Best Can Cherries—Mrs. Pearl Hef-
ner, Chickasha, R. F. D. No. 1; second,
Mrs. B. B. Bridges, Chickasha.

Best Can Blackberries—First, Mrs.
B. B. Bridges, Chickasha; second, No.
351.

Best Can Tomatoes—First, Mrs. B.
B. Bridges, Chickasha; second, Mrs.
Lyle, Chickasha, R. F. D. No. 1.

Best Can Beans—First, Mrs. J. G.
Rinehardt; second, Mrs. B. B. Bridges;
third, Mrs. R. A. Lyle, all of Chickasha.

Best Can Okra—First, Mrs. B. B.
Bridges, Chickasha; no second nor
third.

Best Collection Canned Fruits—
First, Mrs. B. B. Bridges, Chickasha;
second, No. 204; third, No. 21; no
name, no exhibit number.

Best Plum Jelly—First, Mrs. M. J.
Marshall, Chickasha; second, Mrs. B.
B. Bridges, Chickasha; third, Mrs. J.
L. Campbell, Tuttle.

Best Grape Jelly, Mrs. J. L. Camp-
bell, Tuttle; second, No. 416; third,
No. 353.

WINNERS ON FARM PRODUCTS

List of First Premiums Exclusive of
the Club Exhibits; Tuttle Wom-
en Who Take Textile
Prizes

The following comprises the list of
first premiums awarded in the agri-
cultural exhibit, exclusive of club ex-
hibits:

Sweet Potatoes—One peck, J. W. Al-
ton, Chickasha.

Cucumbers, Will Bishop, Chickasha.
Irish Potatoes—G. G. Buchanan, Chickasha.

Barley—W. M. Bryant, Chickasha.
Turnips—W. M. Bryant, Chickasha.

Seed Cotton—John Cast, Rush Springs.

Cotton Seed—Mrs. Olan Cast, Rush Springs.

Peterita—Best five head, J. M. Dun-
can, Amber.

Kaffir—Post 50 heads, J. M. Duncan, Amber.

Kaffir—Best 5 heads, J. L. Daniels, Route 4, Chickasha.

Stalk Okra—W. J. Freeman, Ninne-
kah.

Milo Maize—W. J. Griffin, Chicka-
sha.

Hard Wheat—Best peck, C. C. Goet-
ting, Chickasha.

Red Oats—Best peck, C. C. Goetting, Chickasha.

Hard Wheat—Best bundle, C. C. Goetting, Chickasha.

Oats—Best bundle, C. C. Goetting, Chickasha.

Cotton—Best stalk, C. C. Goetting, Chickasha.

Watermelon—Largest shown, weight, approximately 71 pounds, E. J. Hubbard, Chickasha.

Onions—Best peck, Z. M. Hampton, Rush Springs.

Wild Grass—Best bundle, W. Heaney and sons, Tabler.

Corn, Yellow—Best peck, J. F. Ikard, route 5, Chickasha.

Corn, White—Best peck, Gordon Ikard, route 3, Chickasha.

Wheat, Soft—Best bundle, L. E. Johnson, Minco.

AGREES TO ARBITRATE FRIE LOSS

Note on Sinking of American Vessel
Made Public; Germany Con-
cedes Further; Refer Treaty
Violation to Hague

HIBERNIAN ATTACK POSITIVELY DENIED

German Admiralty Asserts No Sub-
marines Operating in Vicinity
of Hesperian; Blame
British Mine For It

By United Press.
Washington, Sept. 23.—The note from the Berlin government in which Germany makes concessions regarding attacks on American ships carrying conditional contraband was made public today by the state department.

Germany consents to arbitration of the loss caused by the sinking of the steamer Frye and names experts to reach an agreement concerning the pecuniary damage, but does not acknowledge that the sinking of the ship violated any treaty. The note suggests the settlement of this point by Hague arbitration.

It is stated by the note that orders have been issued to German naval forces not to destroy American merchantmen carrying conditional contraband but to permit them to continue on their voyages if possible, and taken them into port. On the other hand, the German government says it must reserve the right to destroy vessels carrying absolute contraband.

By United Press.
Berlin, Sept. 23.—The memorandum declaring positively that no German submarines attacked the liner Hesperian, which was submitted to the foreign office by the admiralty, suggests that possibly a British mine which was intended for the destruction of submarines sunk the Hesperian.

The last submarines operating in British waters on the day of the explosion which wrecked the Hesperian reported that none were in the vicinity of the disaster.

The submarine commanders reported sighting scores of mines off the Irish coast, strewn for the purpose of destroying submarines.

The memorandum of the admiralty will be embodied in a note to the United States. It was made known today that the kaiser will receive Ambassador Gerard on the former's return from the eastern front within a few days.

British Steamer Blown Up.

By United Press.
London, Sept. 23.—One of the crew was killed when the British steamer Croimgen was blown up by a mine, it was announced today.

Allied Airmen Score.

By United Press.
Amsterdam, Sept. 23.—Dispatches received here today say Anglo-French airmen bombarded and heavily damaged a German submarine at their military base at Bruges Sunday and Monday. It is reported that a factory was destroyed.

SUMMON SENATE IN OCTOBER

By United Press.
Washington, Sept. 23.—It is understood today that President Wilson has practically decided to call an extra session of the senate to meet October 18. The house, however, will not meet till the regular session in December.

The deciding factor in this plan is reported to have been the president's conviction that "jingo" speeches and inflammatory resolutions cannot now endanger the country's neutrality.

It is planned to limit the subjects to be considered by the senate to the "debate gagging" rule, and the Nicaraguan and Columbian treaties.

FRENCH SPORTSMEN AS WAR AVIATORS



This photograph, taken at an aero base in northern France, shows a number of celebrities in the French sporting world who are serving their country as army aviators. The second man from the left is Georges Carpentier, the famous boxer, and the third is Somes, French champion cyclist, who had brought down a German aviator just before the picture was taken.

PENETRATE RUSSIANS' POSITIONS

Clash Between Bulgaria and Greece
Draws Nearer; with Roumania
Wobbling; Servia Sends
Troops to Frontier

By United Press.
Berlin, Sept. 23.—The Germans have penetrated advance positions of the Russians in the vicinity of Divinsk and have taken two thousand prisoners, according to reports from the front today.

The Russians are reported to be falling back on the city's outer defenses. It is also reported that the Bavarian forces captured several Russian positions west of Valeika.

Reservists Responding.

By United Press.
Berlin, Sept. 23.—Large bodies of Bulgarian reservists are leaving German cities in response to the mobilization order issued by their government. Reports from Vienna say thousands of Bulgarians are passing through there enroute to the frontier.

Deny Cabinet Changes.

By United Press.
London, Sept. 23.—In the house of commons today Premier Asquith made a statement denying rumors that several important changes in the cabinet were impending.

Balkans Boiling.

By United Press.
London, Sept. 23.—Each new event today brought Bulgaria and Greece nearer to an armed clash with Roumania seemingly in an attitude of doubt.

Servia replied to the Bulgarian mobilization order by moving two divisions of her army to within striking distance of the Bulgarian frontier.

It is reported that Greek army officers on leave of absence have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to report for service.

Dispatches via Athens say Czar Ferdinand promulgated a new mobilization order, calling to the colors twenty-seven classes of reservists.

Shoot Four French Airmen.

By United Press.
Berlin, Sept. 23.—Four French aviators were shot down by Germans in what is officially described as the "greatest aircraft and artillery action on the entire front."

WEATHER FORECAST.

For Oklahoma.

Cloudy tonight, probably rain in the east portion; Friday, fair.
Local Temperature
During the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m.
Maximum 63
Minimum 55
Rain during 24 hours ending 8 a. m., .73 inch.

BIG GASSER AT BLACKWELL

By United Press.
Blackwell, Okla., Sept. 23.—The J. R. Smith well at nine hundred feet encountered a flow of gas estimated to be ten million cubic feet.

This is the best shallow gas well brought in in the Blackwell field.

CITY HALL FIRE LOSS ADJUSTED

Adjusters representing the seventeen fire insurance companies carrying the risk on the city hall building, met with Mayor Coffman this morning and adjusted the city's claims for loss sustained by the fire Monday, September 13.

The amount agreed upon between the mayor and the adjusters was \$2557.66.

This covers loss to both the building and the furniture. The major portion of the amount will apply on the building as the loss to the furniture was of such a character that a little sandpaper and pumice stone followed with a little oil and a little varnish will rejuvenate and put it in tip top shape again.

Mayor Coffman stated that just as soon as the rains stop work of repairing the city hall will begin. The work, which is needing immediate attention, is the roof. Desk Sergeant Looney of the police department, is kept busy whenever it rains in placing tubs and kettles and pans in the rooms formerly occupied by the city engineer and watching them, after he has once placed them in order to see that they do not run over and pour their contents in a flood into the lower rooms of the building.

In effecting the settlement with the insurance companies, Mayor Coffman stated he experienced no trouble whatever. The committee which went over the loss in company with Mr. Coffman accepted his figures upon the loss, he being a practical builder, and the insurance adjusters did the same.

Again Postpone Trades Parade

Like unto the old-fashion Rock Island train which was marked up later and later till it didn't arrive before the following day, the Chickasha Trades Parade was scheduled to pull in at the station Wednesday, gets further and further behind time.

The latest bulletin says it will surely come off Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, provided J. Plavius doesn't positively veto it.

It is no fault of the Business Women's club, promoters of the parade, that carefully worked out plans have gone awry and that a second postponement became necessary. Anybody knows that you can't have a show of

LEVIES FOR DISTRICTS ARE MADE

Excise Board Continues Work;
County Levy Still Waits Returns
From State on Public Service Corporations

The county excise board met yesterday with all board members present and will probably remain in session throughout the balance of September and through the entire month of October.

No county levies have been made owing to the absence of returns from state excise board on public service corporations valuations in this county.

Levies were made in such school districts and municipalities as are not touched by such public service corporations.

The following school district levies have been made: District No. 5, general, 5 mills, sinking, 1 mill; No. 5, general, 4.5 mills, sinking, 2.2 mills; No. 11, general, 5.6 mills, sinking, 1.7 mills; No. 22, general, 12 mills, sinking, 15 mills; No. 24, general, 8 mills, sinking, 1.5 mills; No. 61, general, 8 mills, sinking, 3.8 mills; No. 65, general, 7 mills, sinking, 5.5 mills; No. 66, general, 8 mills, sinking, 3.6 mills; No. 69, general, 7 mills, sinking, 4.4 mills; No. 70, general, 10 mills, sinking, 2 mills; No. 71, general, 7.5 mills, sinking, 3 mills; No. 72, general, 3.3 mills, sinking, 3 mills; No. 76, general, 5 mills, sinking, 1.4 mills; No. 78, general, 3.6 mills, sinking, 3.5 mills; No. 92, general, 5 mills, sinking, 2 mills; No. 94, general, 4.5 mills, sinking, 0 mills; No. 117, general, 4.4 mills, sinking, 2.8 mills; No. 125, general, 6.8 mills, sinking, 0 mills; No. 126, general, 3.5 mills, sinking, .06 mills.

The board referred the levies asked for by the following districts back to the boards of directors with instructions to call elections for the purposes of authorizing levies in excess of 5 mills: Districts numbers 62, 60, 57, 45, 46, 54, 4, 17, 19, 39, 34.

This kind under dripping skies, such as prevailed yesterday and today.

It is possible that an effort would have been made to stage the big stunt this afternoon in spite of threatening conditions if a number of calls had not come from nearby towns and country people requesting that it be pulled off Saturday in order that the school children might see it. Amber sent word that all the pupils of the consolidated school there would be on hand. After thoroughly considering the whole matter, the Business Women decided that another postponement would be advisable. "We regret the delay very much," said Dr. Bledsoe, "but it seems to be the best course to pursue."

LIFE SAVERS COMPETE FOR HONORS

Fifty Teams of Miners Participate
in Contests at San Francisco;
Show Best First Aid
Methods

25,000 MEN TRAINED BY U. S. BUREAU

Operators Start Rescue Stations and
Provide Cars to Reduce Death
Rate in Dangerous Under-
ground Operations

By United Press.
San Francisco, Sept. 23.—A great national demonstration of ways of saving human lives is being held here. Fifty teams of miners from all parts of the United States are ready to compete for medals to be awarded the best work in life saving and first aid.

The miners in the contest were selected through state and sectional elimination competitions. The team representing the southwestern states came to the fair on the \$1000 given as first prize at the contest held in Kansas City in July. The winners of the southwestern interstate contest had their expenses defrayed in the same way after a lively competition at Birmingham, Ala.

Today's program provides for contests between teams representing the same states and groups of states in the west. These teams will meet the eastern teams tomorrow.

The U. S. bureau of mines is taking an active part in the demonstration. In the past four years the bureau has trained 25,000 miners in rescue and first aid work. It now has eight mine rescue cars in operation, manned by trained crews who when not actually engaged in rescue work, spend their time teaching the mine.

Operators have been spurred by the bureau to establish rescue stations and provide rescue cars, until there are now 70 of the former and 12 of the latter in use.

The need for such efforts is shown by the appalling death rate in the mines of this country.

In the year 1913, the last year for which statistics are available for all the mines and allied industries, 3762 men were killed and 177,000 injured. This includes coal mines, quarries, ore-dressing plants and smelting plants.

In the last ten years, in the coal mines alone, there have been 26,000 deaths, a fatality rate of three and three quarters men in every 1000 employed, and more than a million men injured.

It was to reduce the death rate and lessen the number of injuries that the federal government early in 1908 took up its work in behalf of the miners. The first marked progress was in 1911, when the first national mine safety demonstration was held in Pittsburgh. In the presence of the president of the United States and 20,000 miners. Since that time there has been a wonderful development throughout the country in both rescue and first aid work.

"A large proportion of the men entering the mines," said an official of the bureau, "come from the farms and villages of different European countries; they are unfamiliar with our language, our institutions, our laws, and know little or nothing of mining. A majority of the men now working in the coal mines of the United States speak and read but little English. It is therefore difficult to reach these men through publications, even when the latter are prepared in the most simple and elementary manner."

"No one likes to estimate the money value of a human life, but at times it becomes necessary to do this, especially in working out the economics of compensation acts. It is a reasonable estimate that during the past ten years more than 30,000 men have been killed in connection with the accidents in the mining industries of this country. It is impossible to estimate the number of injured or who have suffered from bad health conditions. It is impossible to estimate the number of men with health shattered through these conditions who have had to give up their work years before their natural time or the number of dependents who have

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